# 20**16** Form 1040-ES

# Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

### **Estimated Tax for Individuals**

### **Purpose of This Package**

Use Form 1040-ES to figure and pay your estimated tax for 2016.

Estimated tax is the method used to pay tax on income that is not subject to withholding (for example, earnings from self-employment, interest, dividends, rents, alimony, etc.). In addition, if you do not elect voluntary withholding, you should make estimated tax payments on other taxable income, such as unemployment compensation and the taxable part of your social security benefits.

**Change of address.** If your address has changed, file Form 8822, Change of Address, to update your record.

**Future developments.** For the latest information about developments related to Form 1040-ES and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to <a href="https://www.irs.gov/form1040es">www.irs.gov/form1040es</a>.

# Who Must Make Estimated Tax Payments

The estimated tax rules apply to:

- U.S. citizens and resident aliens;
- Residents of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa; and
- Nonresident aliens (use Form 1040-ES (NR)).

#### **General Rule**

In most cases, you must pay estimated tax for 2016 if both of the following apply.

- 1. You expect to owe at least \$1,000 in tax for 2016, after subtracting your withholding and refundable credits.
- 2. You expect your withholding and refundable credits to be less than the smaller of:
- a. 90% of the tax to be shown on your 2016 tax return, or
- b. 100% of the tax shown on your 2015 tax return. Your 2015 tax return must cover all 12 months.

**Note.** These percentages may be different if you are a farmer, fisherman, or higher income taxpayer. See *Special Rules*, later.

**Exception.** You do not have to pay estimated tax for 2016 if you were a U.S. citizen or resident alien for all of 2015 and you had no tax liability for the full 12-month 2015 tax year. You had no tax liability for 2015 if your total tax was zero or you did not have to file an income tax return.

#### **Special Rules**

There are special rules for farmers, fishermen, certain household employers, and certain higher income taxpayers.

**Farmers and fishermen.** If at least two-thirds of your gross income for 2015 or 2016 is from farming or fishing, substitute 66½% for 90% in (2a) under *General Rule*.

**Household employers.** When estimating the tax on your 2016 tax return, include your household employment taxes if either of the following applies.

- You will have federal income tax withheld from wages, pensions, annuities, gambling winnings, or other income.
- You would be required to make estimated tax payments to avoid a penalty even if you did not include household employment taxes when figuring your estimated tax.

**Higher income taxpayers.** If your adjusted gross income (AGI) for 2015 was more than \$150,000 (\$75,000 if your filing status for 2016 is married filing separately), substitute 110% for 100% in (2b) under *General Rule*, earlier. This rule does not apply to farmers or fishermen.

### **Increase Your Withholding**

If you also receive salaries and wages, you may be able to avoid having to make estimated tax payments on your other income by asking your employer to take more tax out of your earnings. To do this, file a new Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, with your employer.

Generally, if you receive a pension or annuity you can use Form W-4P, Withholding Certificate for Pension or Annuity Payments, to start or change your withholding from these payments.

You also can choose to have federal income tax withheld from certain government payments. For details, see Form W-4V, Voluntary Withholding Request.

### **Additional Information You May Need**

You can find most of the information you will need in Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

Other available information:

- Instructions for the 2015 Form 1040 or Form 1040A.
- Important Changes. Go to IRS.gov, click on Forms & Pubs, and then on Changes to Current Forms and Publications.

For details on how to get forms and publications, see the 2015 Instructions for Form 1040 or Form 1040A.

#### What's New

Use your 2015 tax return as a guide in figuring your 2016 estimated tax, but be sure to consider the following.

**Standard deduction.** If you do not itemize your deductions, you can take the 2016 standard deduction listed in the following chart for your filing status.

**Jan 19, 2016** Cat. No. 11340T

IF your 2016 filing status is	THEN your standard deduction is
Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)	\$12,600
Head of household	\$9,300
Single or Married filing separately	\$6,300

However, if you can be claimed as a dependent on another person's 2016 return, your standard deduction is the greater of:

- \$1,050, or
- Your earned income plus \$350 (up to the standard deduction amount).

Your standard deduction is increased by the following amount if, at the end of 2016, you are:

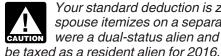
 An unmarried individual (single or head of household) and are:

65 or older or blind	\$1,550
65 or older and blind	\$3,100

 A married individual (filing jointly or separately) or a qualifying widow(er) and are:

65 or older or blind	\$1,250
65 or older and blind	\$2,500
Both spouses 65 or older	\$2,500*
Both spouses 65 or older and blind	\$5,000*

<sup>\*</sup> If married filing separately, these amounts apply only if you can claim an exemption for your spouse.



Your standard deduction is zero if (a) your spouse itemizes on a separate return, or (b) you were a dual-status alien and you do not elect to

Personal exemption amount increased for certain taxpayers. For tax years beginning in 2016, the personal exemption amount is increased to \$4,050 for taxpayers with adjusted gross incomes below \$155,650. The personal exemption amount for taxpayers with adjusted gross incomes above this amount may be reduced.

Limitation on itemized deductions. For tax year 2016, itemized deductions for taxpayers with adjusted gross income above \$155,650 may be reduced.

Social security tax. For 2016, the maximum amount of earned income (wages and net earnings from self-employment) subject to the social security tax is \$118.500.

### Reminders

**Health care coverage.** When you file your 2016 tax return in 2017, you will need to either (1) indicate on your return that you and your family had health care coverage throughout 2016, (2) claim an exemption from the health care coverage requirement for some or all of 2016, or (3) make a payment if you do not have coverage or an

exemption(s) for all 12 months of 2016. See Form 8965 and its instructions for more information.

Advance payments of the premium tax credit. If you buy health care insurance through the Health Insurance Marketplace, you may be eligible for advance payments of the premium tax credit to help pay for your insurance coverage. Receiving too little or too much in advance will affect your refund or balance due. Promptly report changes in your income or family size to your Marketplace. See Form 8962 and its instructions for more information.

### **How To Figure Your Estimated Tax**

You will need:

- The 2016 Estimated Tax Worksheet.
- The Instructions for the 2016 Estimated Tax Worksheet.
- The 2016 Tax Rate Schedules, and
- Your 2015 tax return and instructions to use as a guide to figuring your income, deductions, and credits (but be sure to consider the items listed under What's New, earlier).

Matching estimated tax payments to income. If you receive your income unevenly throughout the year (for example, because you operate your business on a seasonal basis or you have a large capital gain late in the year), you may be able to lower or eliminate the amount of your required estimated tax payment for one or more periods by using the annualized income installment method. See chapter 2 of Pub. 505 for details.

Changing your estimated tax. To amend or correct your estimated tax, see How To Amend Estimated Tax Payments, later.



years.

You cannot make joint estimated tax payments if you or your spouse is a nonresident alien, you are separated under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance, or you and your spouse have different tax

Additionally, individuals of the same sex and opposite sex who are in registered domestic partnerships, civil unions, or other similar formal relationships that are not marriages under state law cannot make joint estimated tax payments. These individuals can take credit only for the estimated tax payments that he or she made.

### **Payment Due Dates**

You can pay all of your estimated tax by April 18, 2016, or in four equal amounts by the dates shown below.

1st payment	April 18, 2016
2nd payment	June 15, 2016
3rd payment	Sept. 15, 2016
4th payment	Jan. 17, 2017*

<sup>\*</sup> You do not have to make the payment due January 17, 2017, if you file your 2016 tax return by January 31, 2017, and pay the entire balance due with your return.

If you mail your payment and it is postmarked by the due date, the date of the U.S. postmark is considered the date of payment. If your payments are late or you did not

pay enough, you may be charged a penalty for underpaying your tax. See *When a Penalty Is Applied*, later.



You can make more than four estimated tax payments. To do so, make a copy of one of your unused estimated tax payment vouchers, fill it in,

and mail it with your payment. If you make more than four payments, to avoid a penalty, make sure the total of the amounts you pay during a payment period is at least as much as the amount required to be paid by the due date for that period. For other payment methods, see How To Pay Estimated Tax, later.

No income subject to estimated tax during first payment period. If, after March 31, 2016, you have a large change in income, deductions, additional taxes, or credits that requires you to start making estimated tax payments, you should figure the amount of your estimated tax payments by using the annualized income installment method, explained in chapter 2 of Pub. 505. If you use the annualized income installment method, file Form 2210, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals, Estates, and Trusts, including Schedule AI, with your 2016 tax return even if no penalty is owed.

**Farmers and fishermen.** If at least two-thirds of your gross income for 2015 or 2016 is from farming or fishing, you can do one of the following.

- Pay all of your estimated tax by January 17, 2017.
- File your 2016 Form 1040 by March 1, 2017, and pay the total tax due. In this case, 2016 estimated tax payments are not required to avoid a penalty.

**Fiscal year taxpayers.** You are on a fiscal year if your 12-month tax period ends on any day except December 31. Due dates for fiscal year taxpayers are the 15th day of the 4th, 6th, and 9th months of your current fiscal year and the 1st month of the following fiscal year. If any payment date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, use the next business day.

### **Name Change**

If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., and you made estimated tax payments using your former name, attach a statement to the front of your 2016 paper tax return. On the statement, show all of the estimated tax payments you (and your spouse, if filing jointly) made for 2016 and the name(s) and SSN(s) under which you made the payments.

Be sure to report the change to your local Social Security Administration office before filing your 2016 tax return. This prevents delays in processing your return and issuing refunds. It also safeguards your future social security benefits. For more details, call the Social Security Administration at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY/TDD 1-800-325-0778).

# How To Amend Estimated Tax Payments

To change or amend your estimated tax payments, refigure your total estimated tax payments due (see the 2016 Estimated Tax Worksheet). Then, to figure the payment due for each remaining payment period, see

Amended estimated tax in chapter 2 of Pub. 505. If an estimated tax payment for a previous period is less than one-fourth of your amended estimated tax, you may owe a penalty when you file your return.

### When a Penalty Is Applied

In some cases, you may owe a penalty when you file your return. The penalty is imposed on each underpayment for the number of days it remains unpaid. A penalty may be applied if you did not pay enough estimated tax for the year or you did not make the payments on time or in the required amount. A penalty may apply even if you have an overpayment on your tax return.

The penalty may be waived under certain conditions. See chapter 4 of Pub. 505 for details.

### **How To Pay Estimated Tax**

#### **Pay Online**

Paying online is convenient and secure and helps make sure we get your payments on time. You can pay using either of the following methods.

- Direct transfer from your bank account. Click on "Pay Your Tax Bill" and then "IRS Direct Pay."
- Debit or credit card. Click on "Pay by Card."

To pay your taxes online or for more information, go to <a href="https://www.irs.gov/payments">www.irs.gov/payments</a>.

### Pay by Phone

Paying by phone is another safe and secure method of paying electronically. Use one of the following methods.

- Direct transfer using Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS).
- Debit or credit card.

**Direct Transfer.** To use EFTPS, you must be enrolled. You can enroll online or have an enrollment form mailed to you. To make a payment using EFTPS, call 1-800-555-4477 (English) or 1-800-244-4829 (Espanol). People who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability and who have access to TTY/TDD equipment can call 1-800-733-4829. For more information about EFTPS, go to www.irs.gov/payments.

**Debit or credit card.** To pay using a debit or credit card, you can call one of the following service providers. There is a convenience fee charged by these providers that varies by provider, card type, and payment amount.

WorldPay US, Inc. 1-844-PAY-TAX-8<sup>™</sup> (1-844-729-8298) <u>www.payUSAtax.com</u>

Official Payments Corporation 1-888-UPAY-TAX<sup>TM</sup> (1-888-872-9829) www.officialpayments.com

Link2Gov Corporation 1-888-PAY-1040<sup>™</sup> (1-888-729-1040) <u>www.PAY1040.com</u>

For the latest details on how to pay by phone, go to <u>www.irs.gov/payments</u>.

### Pay by Check or Money Order Using the Estimated Tax Payment Voucher

There is a separate estimated tax payment voucher for each due date. The due date is shown in the upper right corner. Complete and send in the voucher only if you are making a payment by check or money order. If you and your spouse plan to file separate returns, file separate vouchers instead of a joint voucher.

To complete the voucher, do the following.

• Print or type your name, address, and SSN in the space provided on the estimated tax payment voucher. If you have an IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN), enter it wherever your SSN is requested. If filing a joint voucher, also enter your spouse's name and SSN. List the names and SSNs in the same order on the joint voucher as you will list them on your joint return.

- Enter in the box provided on the estimated tax payment voucher only the amount you are sending in by check or money order. When making payments of estimated tax, be sure to take into account any 2015 overpayment that you choose to credit against your 2016 tax, but do not include the overpayment amount in this box.
- Make your check or money order payable to "United States Treasury." Do not send cash. To help process your payment accurately, enter the amount on the right side of the check like this: \$ XXX.XX. Do not use dashes or lines (for example, do not enter "\$ XXX—" or "\$ XXX \*x/100").
- Enter "2016 Form 1040-ES" and your SSN on your check or money order. If you are filing a joint estimated tax payment voucher, enter the SSN that you will show first on your joint return.
- Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your payment with the estimated tax payment voucher.

### Where to File Your Estimated Tax Payment Voucher if Paying by Check or Money Order

Mail your estimated tax payment voucher and check or money order t shown below for the place where you live. Do not mail your tax return send an estimated tax payment without a payment voucher. Also, do estimated tax payments to the address shown in the Form 1040 or 10 you need more payment vouchers, you can make a copy of one of you vouchers.	Alabama, Georgia, Kentucky, New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 931100 Louisville, KY 40293-1100		
Caution: For proper delivery of your estimated tax payment to a P.O. include the box number in the address. Also, note that only the U.S. P deliver to P.O. boxes. Therefore, you cannot use a private delivery se estimated tax payments required to be sent to a P.O. box.	Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, New Hampshire, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, West Virginia	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 37007 Hartford, CT 06176-7007		
IF you live in THEN send it to "I	Internal Revenue Service" at	A foreign country, American Samoa, or Puerto Rico, (or are excluding income under Internal Revenue Code 933) or use an APO or FPO address, or file Form 2555, 2555-EZ, or 4563, or are a dual-status alien or nonpermanent resident of Guam or the U.S. Virgin Islands	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 1300 Charlotte, NC 28201-1300 USA	
, ,	P.O. Box 1300 e, NC 28201-1300	Guam: Bona fide residents*	Department of Revenue and Taxation Government of Guam P.O. Box 23607 GMF, GU 96921	
Hawaii, Idaho, Nevada, New Mexico,	P.O. Box 510000 co, CA 94151-5100	U.S. Virgin Islands: Bona fide residents*	Virgin Islands Bureau of Internal Revenue 6115 Estate Smith Bay	
Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota,	al Revenue Service P.O. Box 802502 ati, OH 45280-2502		Suite 225 St. Thomas, VI 00802	

<sup>\*</sup>Bona fide residents must prepare separate vouchers for estimated income tax and self-employment tax payments. Send the income tax vouchers to the address for bona fide residents and the self-employment tax vouchers to the address for non-bona fide residents.

## Instructions for the 2016 Estimated Tax Worksheet

Line 1. Adjusted gross income. Use your 2015 tax return and instructions as a guide to figuring the adjusted gross income you expect in 2016 (but be sure to consider the items listed under *What's New*, earlier). For more details on figuring your adjusted gross income, see *Expected AGI—Line 1* in chapter 2 of Pub. 505.

If you are self-employed, be sure to take into account the deduction for self-employment tax. Use the 2016 Self-Employment Tax and Deduction Worksheet for Lines 1 and 11 of the Estimated Tax Worksheet to figure the amount to subtract when figuring your expected AGI. This worksheet also will give you the amount to enter on line 11 of your estimated tax worksheet.

**Line 9. Credits.** See the 2015 Form 1040, lines 48 through 54, or Form 1040A, lines 31 through 35, and the related instructions for the types of credits allowed.

Line 11. Self-employment tax. If you and your spouse make joint estimated tax payments and both of you have self-employment income, figure the self-employment tax for each of you separately. Enter the total on line 11. When estimating your 2016 net earnings from self-employment, be sure to use only 92.35% (.9235) of your total net profit from self-employment.

Line 12. Other taxes. Use the Instructions for the 2015 Form 1040 to determine if you expect to owe, for 2016, any of the taxes that would have been entered on your 2015 Form 1040, lines 59 (additional tax on distributions only), 60a, 60b, and 62 (including, if applicable, Additional Medicare Tax and/or Net Investment Income Tax). On line 12, enter the total of those taxes, subject to the following two exceptions.

**Exception 1.** Include household employment taxes from Form 1040, line 60a, on this line only if:

- You will have federal income tax withheld from wages, pensions, annuities, gambling winnings, or other income, or
- You would be required to make estimated tax payments (to avoid a penalty) even if you did not include household employment taxes when figuring your estimated tax.

If you meet either of the above, include the total of your household employment taxes on line 12.

Exception 2. Of the amounts for other taxes that may be entered on Form 1040, line 62, do not include on line 12: recapture of a federal mortgage subsidy, uncollected social security and Medicare tax or RRTA tax on tips or group-term life insurance, excise tax on excess golden parachute payments, look-back interest due under section 167(g) or 460(b), excise tax on insider stock compensation from an expatriated corporation, or additional tax on advance payments of health coverage tax credit when not eligible. These taxes are not required to be paid until the due date of your income tax return (not including extensions).

**Additional Medicare Tax.** For information about the Additional Medicare Tax, see the Instructions for Form 8959.

**Net Investment Income Tax (NIIT).** For information about the Net Investment Income Tax, see the Instructions for Form 8960.

**Repayment of first-time homebuyer credit.** You must repay the first-time homebuyer credit if you bought the home in 2008 or the home you bought was destroyed, condemned, or sold under threat of condemnation in 2013 and that event occurred during the 36-month period that began on the date you bought that home.

For details about repaying the first-time homebuyer credit, see the Instructions for Form 5405.

**Line 14b. Prior year's tax.** Enter the 2015 tax you figure according to the instructions in *Figuring your 2015 tax* unless you meet one of the following exceptions.

• If the adjusted gross income shown on your 2015 return is more than \$150,000 (\$75,000 if married filing separately for 2016), enter 110% of your 2015 tax as figured next.

**Note.** This does not apply to farmers or fishermen.

- If you will file a joint return for 2016 but you did not file a joint return for 2015, add the tax shown on your 2015 return to the tax shown on your spouse's 2015 return and enter the total on line 14b.
- If you filed a joint return for 2015 but you will not file a joint return for 2016, see *General Rule* in chapter 4 of Pub. 505 to figure your share of the 2015 tax to enter on line 14b.
- If you did not file a return for 2015 or your 2015 tax year was less than 12 full months, do not complete line 14b. Instead, enter the amount from line 14a on line 14c.

*Figuring your 2015 tax.* Use the following instructions to figure your 2015 tax.

- 1. **Form 1040**—The tax shown on your 2015 Form 1040 is the amount on line 63 **reduced** by:
- a. Unreported social security and Medicare tax or RRTA tax from Form 1040, line 58;
- b. Any tax included on line 59 on excess contributions to an IRA, Archer MSA, Coverdell education savings account, health savings account, ABLE account, or on excess accumulations in qualified retirement plans;
  - c. Any shared responsibility payment on line 61;
- d. Amounts on line 62 as listed under *Exception 2*, earlier; and
- e. Any refundable credit amounts on lines 66a, 67, 68, 69, and 72, and credit from Form 8885 included on line 73.
- 2. **Form 1040A**—The tax shown on your 2015 Form 1040A is the amount on line 39 reduced by the amount on line 38, and any refundable credits on lines 42a, 43, 44, and 45.
- 3. **Form 1040EZ**—The tax shown on your 2015 Form 1040EZ is the amount on line 12 reduced by the amount on lines 8a and 11.

### 2016 Self-Employment Tax and Deduction Worksheet for Lines 1 and 11 of the Estimated Tax Worksheet



1a.	Enter your expected income and profits subject to self-employment tax*	1a			
b.	If you will have farm income and also receive social security retirement or disability benefits, enter your expected Conservation Reserve Program payments that will be included on Schedule F (Form 1040) or listed on Schedule K-1 (Form 1065)	b			
2.	Subtract line 1b from line 1a	2			
3.	Multiply line 2 by 92.35% (.9235)	3			
4.	Multiply line 3 by 2.9% (.029)				
5.	Social security tax maximum income	5	\$118,500		
6.	Enter your expected wages (if subject to social security tax or the 6.2% portion of tier 1 railroad retirement tax)	6			
7.	Subtract line 6 from line 5	7			
	Note. If line 7 is zero or less, enter -0- on line 9 and skip to line 10.				
8.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 3 or line 7	8			
9.	Multiply line 8 by 12.4% (.124)			9	
10.	Add lines 4 and 9. Enter the result here and on line 11 of your 2016 Estimated Tax Works	sheet		10	
11.	Multiply line 10 by 50% (.50). This is your expected deduction for self-employment tax on Form 1040, line 27. Subtract this amount when figuring your expected AGI on line 1 of your 2016 Estimated Tax Worksheet	11			

<sup>\*</sup> Your net profit from self-employment is found on Schedule C (Form 1040), line 31; Schedule F (Form 1040), line 34; Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A; and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9, code J1.

### 2016 Tax Rate Schedules

Caution. Do not use these Tax Rate Schedules to figure your 2015 taxes. Use only to figure your 2016 estimated taxes.

Schedule X—Use if your 2016 filing status is Single						Schedule Z—Use if your 2016 filing status is Head of household					
If line 5						If line 5					
is:		The tax is:				is:		The tax is:			
					of the						of the
_	But not				amount	_	But not				amount
Over—	over—				over—	Over—	over—				over—
\$0	\$9,275		+	10%	\$0	\$0	\$13,250		+	10%	\$0
9,275	37,650	\$927.50	+	15%	9,275	13,250	50,400	\$1,325.00	+	15%	13,250
37,650	91,150	5,183.75	+	25%	37,650	50,400	130,150	6,897.50	+	25%	50,400
91,150	190,150	18,558.75	+	28%	91,150	130,150	210,800	26,835.00	+	28%	130,150
190,150	413,350	46,278.75	+	33%	190,150	210,800	413,350	49,417.00	+	33%	210,800
413,350	415,050	119,934.75	+	35%	413,350	413,350	441,000	116,258.50	+	35%	413,350
415,050		120,529.75	+	39.6%	415,050	441,000		125,936.00	+	39.6%	441,000
Schedule Y-1— Use if your 2016 filing status is Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)											
		,	_			Schedule Y Married filir	,	our <b>2016</b> filing	sta	itus is	
		,	_				,	0	sta	itus is	
Married fili		or Qualifying	_			Married filir	,	ely	sta	itus is	
Married fili		or Qualifying	_		of the	Married filir	,	ely	sta	itus is	of the
Married fili		or Qualifying	_		of the amount	Married filir	,	ely	sta	itus is	of the amount
Married fili	ng jointly	or Qualifying	_			Married filir	ng separate	ely	sta	itus is	
Married fili If line 5 is:	ng jointly  But not	or Qualifying	_	idow(er)	amount	Married filing If line 5	ng separate	ely	sta +	10%	amount
Married fili  If line 5 is:  Over—	But not	or Qualifying	+	10%	amount over—	Married filing If line 5 is:  Over—	But not	ely	+		amount over—
Married fili If line 5 is:  Over— \$0	But not over—\$18,550	or Qualifying The tax is:	+ +	10% 15%	amount over—	Married filing If line 5 is:  Over— \$0	But not over— \$9,275	The tax is:	+ +	10% 15%	amount over— \$0
Married fili If line 5 is:  Over— \$0 18,550	But not over— \$18,550 75,300	or Qualifying The tax is: \$1,855.00	+ + +	10% 15% 25%	amount over— \$0 18,550	Married filing If line 5 is:  Over— \$0 9,275	But not over—\$9,275	The tax is:	+ + +	10% 15% 25%	amount over— \$0 9,275
Married fili If line 5 is:  Over— \$0 18,550 75,300	But not over— \$18,550 75,300 151,900	The tax is:	+ + + +	10% 15% 25% 28%	amount over— \$0 18,550 75,300	Married filin If line 5 is:  Over—  \$0 9,275 37,650	But not over— \$9,275 37,650 75,950	The tax is: \$927.50 5,183.75	+ + + + +	10% 15% 25% 28%	amount over— \$0 9,275 37,650
Married fili  If line 5 is:  Over—  \$0 18,550 75,300 151,900	But not over— \$18,550 75,300 151,900 231,450	The tax is:  \$1,855.00 10,367.50 29,517.50	+ + + + +	10% 15% 25% 28% 33%	amount over— \$0 18,550 75,300 151,900	Married filin If line 5 is:  Over— \$0 9,275 37,650 75,950	But not over— \$9,275 37,650 75,950 115,725	The tax is: \$927.50 5,183.75 14,758.75	+ + + + + +	10% 15% 25% 28% 33%	amount over— \$0 9,275 37,650 75,950

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1	Adjusted gross income you expect in 2016 (see instructions)		1		
2	• If you plan to itemize deductions, enter the estimated total of your itemized deductions.				
	Caution: If line 1 is over \$155,650 your deduction may be reduced. See Pub. 505 for	)			
	details.	}			
	• If you do not plan to itemize deductions, enter your standard deduction.	J	2		
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1		3		
4	Exemptions. Multiply \$4,050 by the number of personal exemptions. <b>Caution:</b> See Workshee	t 2-6 in			
•	Pub. 505 to figure the amount to enter if line 1 is over: \$155,650		4		
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3		5		<u> </u>
6	<b>Tax.</b> Figure your tax on the amount on line 5 by using the <b>2016 Tax Rate Schedules</b> .				_
U	<b>Caution:</b> If you will have qualified dividends or a net capital gain, or expect to exclude or	deduct			
	foreign earned income or housing, see Worksheets 2-7 and 2-8 in Pub. 505 to figure the tax		6		
7	5		7		
7	Alternative minimum tax from <b>Form 6251</b> or included on <b>Form 1040A, line 28</b>		/		-
8	Add lines 6 and 7. Add to this amount any other taxes you expect to include in the total o	II FOIIII			
_	1040, line 44		8		_
9	Credits (see instructions). <b>Do not</b> include any income tax withholding on this line		9		
10	Subtract line 9 from line 8. If zero or less, enter -0		10		
11	Self-employment tax (see instructions)		11		
12	Other taxes (see instructions)		12		
	Add lines 10 through 12		13a		
b	Earned income credit, additional child tax credit, fuel tax credit, net premium tax				
	refundable American opportunity credit, and refundable credit from Form 8885		13b		
С	<b>Total 2016 estimated tax.</b> Subtract line 13b from line 13a. If zero or less, enter -0	. ▶	13c		
14a	Multiply line 13c by 90% (66 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub> % for farmers and fishermen) <b>14a</b>				
b	Required annual payment based on prior year's tax (see instructions) . 14b				
С	Required annual payment to avoid a penalty. Enter the smaller of line 14a or 14b	. •	14c		
	Caution: Generally, if you do not prepay (through income tax withholding and estima	ted tax			
	payments) at least the amount on line 14c, you may owe a penalty for not paying enough est				
	tax. To avoid a penalty, make sure your estimate on line 13c is as accurate as possible. Even				
	pay the required annual payment, you may still owe tax when you file your return. If you pre-	fer, you			
	can pay the amount shown on line 13c. For details, see chapter 2 of Pub. 505.				
15	Income tax withheld and estimated to be withheld during 2016 (including income tax with	holding			
	on pensions, annuities, certain deferred income, etc.)		15		İ
16a	Subtract line 15 from line 14c				
	Is the result zero or less?				
	☐ <b>Yes.</b> Stop here. You are not required to make estimated tax payments.				
	□ <b>No.</b> Go to line 16b.				
b	Subtract line 15 from line 13c				
~	Is the result less than \$1,000?				
	☐ <b>Yes.</b> Stop here. You are not required to make estimated tax payments.				
	■ <b>No.</b> Go to line 17 to figure your required payment.				
17	If the first payment you are required to make is due April 18, 2016, enter ¼ of line 16a (mir	NIC 051			
17	2015 overpayment that you are applying to this installment) here, and on your estimate				
	payment voucher(s) if you are paying by check or money order		47		-
	payment voucher(s) if you are paying by check of money order		17		

### **Record of Estimated Tax Payments** (Farmers, fishermen, and fiscal year taxpayers, see *Payment Due Dates*.)

Keep for Your Records



Payment number	Payment due date	<b>(a)</b> Amoun due	t	<b>(b)</b> Date paid	(c) Check or money order number, or credit or debit card confirmation number	(d) Amount paid (do not include any convenience fee)*		(e) 2015 overpayment credit applied		overpayment paid and credi	
1	4/18/2016										
2	6/15/2016										
3	9/15/2016										
4	1/17/2017**										
Tota	Total										

<sup>\*</sup> You can deduct the convenience fee charged by the service provider in 2016 as a miscellaneous itemized deduction (subject to the 2%-of-AGI limit) on your 2016 income tax return.

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for this information to carry out the tax laws of the United States. We need it to figure and collect the right amount of tax. Our legal right to ask for this information is Internal Revenue Code section 6654, which requires that you pay your taxes in a specified manner to avoid being penalized. Additionally, sections 6001, 6011, and 6012(a) and their regulations require you to file a return or statement for any tax for which you are liable; section 6109 requires you to provide your identifying number. Failure to provide this information, or providing false or fraudulent information, may subject you to penalties.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as stated in Code section 6103

We may disclose the information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to other federal agencies, as provided by law.

We may disclose it to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths or possessions to carry out their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

If you do not file a return, do not give the information asked for, or give fraudulent information, you may be charged penalties and be subject to criminal prosecution.

Please keep this notice with your records. It may help you if we ask you for other information. If you have any questions about the rules for filing and giving information, please call or visit any Internal Revenue Service office.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For the estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this package simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

Tear off here

Form	1040-ES Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service	2016	<b>Estimate</b>	ed Tax	Paymer Vouche		OMB No. 1	545-0074		
File	only if you are making a	payment of estin	Calendar y	/ear — D	ue Jan. 17, 201	7				
	, ,		able to "United States Tr	,	Amount of	estimate	ed tax you are pa	aying		
social security number and "2016 Form 1040-ES" on your check or money order. Do not send cash. Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your payment with this voucher.					by check o money ord		Dollars	Cents		
	Your first name and i	nitial		Your last name	Your social security number					
	If joint payment, com		l							
type	Spouse's first name a	and initial	Spouse's last name	Spouse's social security number						
Print or	Address (number, street, and apt. no.)									
آھ	City, state, and ZIP code. (If a foreign address, enter city, also complete spaces below.)									
	Foreign country name			Foreign province/county	reign province/county			Foreign postal code		

<sup>\*\*</sup> You do not have to make this payment if you file your 2016 tax return by January 31, 2017, and pay the entire balance due with your return.

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### 1040-ES

### 2016 Estimated Tax

**Payment** 

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Voucher OMB No. 1545-0074 Calendar year - Due Sept. 15, 2016 File only if you are making a payment of estimated tax by check or money order. Mail this Amount of estimated tax you are paying voucher with your check or money order payable to "United States Treasury." Write your social security number and "2016 Form 1040-ES" on your check or money order. Do not send by check or Dollars Cents cash. Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your payment with this voucher. money order. Your first name and initial Your last name Your social security number If joint payment, complete for spouse Spouse's first name and initial Spouse's last name Spouse's social security number Address (number, street, and apt. no.) City, state, and ZIP code. (If a foreign address, enter city, also complete spaces below.) Foreign postal code Foreign country name Foreign province/county For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see instructions. Tear off here 1040-ES **Payment** 2016 Estimated Tax Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Voucher OMB No. 1545-0074 Calendar year - Due June 15, 2016 File only if you are making a payment of estimated tax by check or money order. Mail this voucher with your check or money order payable to "United States Treasury." Write your Amount of estimated tax you are paying by check or social security number and "2016 Form 1040-ES" on your check or money order. Do not send Dollars Cents money order. cash. Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your payment with this voucher. Your first name and initial Your last name Your social security number If joint payment, complete for spouse Spouse's first name and initial Spouse's last name Spouse's social security number Address (number, street, and apt. no.) City, state, and ZIP code. (If a foreign address, enter city, also complete spaces below.) Foreign country name Foreign province/county Foreign postal code For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see instructions. Tear off here 1040-ES
Department of the Treasury 2016 Estimated Tax Payment OMB No. 1545-0074

	Internal Revenue Service				0.11.2 . 101 . 1				
File	only if you are making a payment of estimated tax by check or mo	nev order Mail this	Calendar	year – Due	April 18, 201	6			
	cher with your check or money order payable to "United States Tr	Amount of	tax you are pa	aying					
	ial security number and "2016 Form 1040-ES" on your check or mo h. Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your payment with this you				Dollars	Cents			
	Your first name and initial	Your last name	•	Your soc	ial security nui	mber			
	If joint payment, complete for spouse								
type	Spouse's first name and initial	Spouse's last name		Spouse's social security number					
Print or	Address (number, street, and apt. no.)								
4	City, state, and ZIP code. (If a foreign address, enter city, also complete spaces below.)								
	Foreign country name	Foreign province/county		Foreign p	oostal code				

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